

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 600-T EXEMPT ORGANIZATION UNRELATED BUSINESS INCOME TAX RETURN

FILING REQUIREMENTS

Every exempt organization, which is required to file a Form 990-T with the Federal Government and has unrelated trade or business income from Georgia sources, must file a Georgia Form 600-T.

WHEN AND WHERE TO FILE

The return is due on or before the due date of the Federal Form 990-T as provided under the Internal Revenue Code. Returns should be mailed to the Georgia Department of Revenue, Processing Center, PO Box 740397, Atlanta, GA 30374-0397.

EXTENSION OF TIME

A reasonable extension of time for filing may be granted by the Commissioner upon application on Form IT-303. This must be filed prior to the date the return is due and must show that the delay is due to a reasonable cause. If the taxpayer has received from the Internal Revenue Service an extension of time within which to file their Federal return, the taxpayer need not apply to the Georgia Department of Revenue for a similar extension of time. All that is required is for a copy of the request for the Federal extension to be attached to the Georgia return. Interest accrues on any tax due from the regular due date of the return until paid. Georgia Law prohibits the granting of an extension of over 6 months from the due date of the return.

TAX RATE

As provided by Georgia Code Section 48-7-25 unrelated business income shall be taxed at the rate of 5.75%.

ACCOUNTING METHOD

Taxable income must be computed using the method of accounting regularly used in keeping the organization’s books and records. In all cases, the method adopted must clearly reflect taxable income.

NET OPERATING LOSSES

Georgia did not adopt the revised net operating loss provisions in the 2020 CARES Act. As such:

For losses incurred in taxable years ending after December 31, 2017, there is no carryback and unlimited carryforward of net operating losses and there is a 2 year carryback for farming losses and there is a 2 year carryback and 20 year carry-forward for certain insurance company net operating losses.

For losses incurred in taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, there is an 80% limitation on the usage of net operating losses (the 80% limitation is based on Georgia taxable net income). The 80% limitation does not apply to certain insurance company net operating losses.

LINE 12: Georgia net operating loss deduction
Net operating losses (NOLs) for tax years 2018 and later that are applied to Georgia income cannot exceed 80% of Georgia income before NOLs. Use the schedule below to compute the net operating losses that can be used in the current year.

- 1. NOL carry forward available for current year from years before 2018 _____
- 2. NOL carry forward available for current year from years 2018 and later _____
- 3. Income before GA NOL (Line 11 of Form 600T) _____
- 4. NOL from line 1 applied to current year _____
- 5. NOL from line 2 applied to current year (cannot exceed 80% of Line 3) _____
- 6. Total NOL applied - add Lines 4 and 5, also enter on Line 12 of Form 600T _____
- 7. NOL carry forward available for next year (Line 1 plus line 2 less Line 6) _____

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CREDITS

Enter credits which are attributable to unrelated trade or business income from Georgia sources. See Form 600 for the credit codes that may apply (note not all credits apply to 600-T).

Disregarded Single Member LLC Credit Instructions.

If the taxpayer owns or is owned by a disregarded single member LLC, the single member LLC should be disregarded for filing purposes. All credits should be claimed on the owner's return. All tax credit forms should be filed in the name of the single member LLC but included with the owner's return. This is necessary so that the returns can be processed and the credits flow to the proper taxpayer.

PERIOD TO BE COVERED

The taxable period for Georgia purposes shall be the same as for Federal purposes.

ALLOCATION AND APPORTIONMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENSES

For those organizations having unrelated business income for Georgia and in other states, the income and expenses should be allocated and apportioned to clearly reflect the Georgia unrelated business taxable income as provided in Schedule 1. Please see the 611 Booklet (ONE Factor Formula) for more information. Sufficient information should be attached to the Form 600-T to support the allocation and apportionment of income and expenses to Georgia.

FEDERAL FORM 990-T

A copy of the Federal Form 990-T and supporting schedules (and any extensions) must be attached to this return.

"Georgia Public Revenue Code Section 48-2-31 stipulates that taxes shall be paid in lawful money of the United States free of any expense to the State of Georgia".

PENALTIES AND INTEREST

Penalties provided by the Georgia Code are: For delinquent filing- 5% of tax not paid by the original due date for each month or part of month of delinquency. For delinquent payment - 1/2 of 1% due for each month or part month of delinquency. An extension of time for filing does not alter delinquent payment penalty. Delinquent payment is not due if the return is being amended due to an IRS audit. For negligent underpayment- 5% of amount of underpayment. For fraudulent underpayment - 50% of amount of underpayment. Interest accruing for months beginning before July 1, 2016 accrues at the rate of 12 percent annually. Interest that accrues for months beginning on or after July 1, 2016 as provided by Georgia Code Section 48-7-81. An extension of time for filing does not alter the interest charge. Underpayment of estimated tax (UET) Penalty.

Attach Form 600 UET and enter the amount on Line 8 of Schedule 2. Also, if a penalty exception applies, check the "UET Annualization Exception attached" box.

Note: The combined total of the penalty for delinquent filing and penalty for delinquent payment cannot exceed 25% of the tax not paid by the original due date.